AEYE Diagnostic Screening

Diabetic Retinopathy screening using Al instead of referring to specialists

BACKGROUND

- Diabetic Retinopathy (DR) is the leading cause of working-age blindness in the US.
- With over 37 million people at risk, approximately 80% of individuals with diabetes will develop DR during their lifetime.
- Early detection and treatment can effectively prevent blindness.

THE PROBLEM

The American Academy of Ophthalmology recommends annual DR screenings for individuals with diabetes. Unfortunately, the adherence rate among patients falls below 50% even when primary caregivers refer them to specialists. This leads to several significant issues:

- 1. Delayed initiation of treatment: Many patients only begin treatment after their vision has already deteriorated significantly, resulting in suboptimal outcomes.
- 2. Increased healthcare costs: Health plans are forced to cover costly treatment procedures and visual impairment support instead of focusing on disease prevention and early detection.
- 3. Unaddressed care gaps and CMS penalties: Health plans administering Medicare and Medicaid face penalties from CMS due to care gaps resulting from the failure to provide annual screenings.

SOLUTION

AEYE-DS revolutionizes patient screening by utilizing FDA-cleared Al in primary care, eliminating the need for specialist referrals.

BENEFITS

The AEYE-DS approach enhances adherence to annual screenings, with numerous benefits:

- Improves patient outcomes
- Closes care gaps
- Improve HEDIS scores and Star Ratings

Screening in primary care instead of referring to specialists offers additional advantages:

- More convenient for patients
- Cheaper for both patients and payers



Dedicated CPT Code

Primary care providers can seek reimbursement for the procedure using CPT code 92229



<2 minutes

Start-to-finish, for most patients



Instant diagnosis

Produced on the spot



One image per eye

The only solution to require a single image per



No Dilation

For the vast majority of patients



>99% imageability

Over 99% of patients receive a diagnostic result



Highly accurate

93% sensitivity and 91.4% specificity





