

# ITC Infotech Cloud Native Solution Framework

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# Topics

ITC Infotech Cloud Native Offering

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ITC Infotech Migration Strategy

Cloud Native Solution Framework

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Cloud Native – Modernization Themes

- Application Containerization
- Application Re-factoring
- API First Methodology
- DB Modernization
- DevOps Modernization

Common Solution Patterns

- Legacy to Modernization
- Cross Cutting –Common Concerns

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Tools & Accelerators

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# ITC Infotech Cloud Native Offerings

# ITC Infotech - Service Offerings and Frameworks

## Strategy & Consulting



- Cloud Native application strategy, planning and implementation approach

## Maturity Assessment & Roadmap



- Cloud and Cloud native capabilities assessment
- Adoption Plan, Reference architecture blueprints

## Migration Services



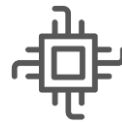
- Application migration on Cloud native capabilities
- Enhance with Cloud containerization and DevOps

## Engineering



- Application Modernization with cloud native technologies
- API and Microservices based design and development on cloud
- Serverless architecture services development

## Technology



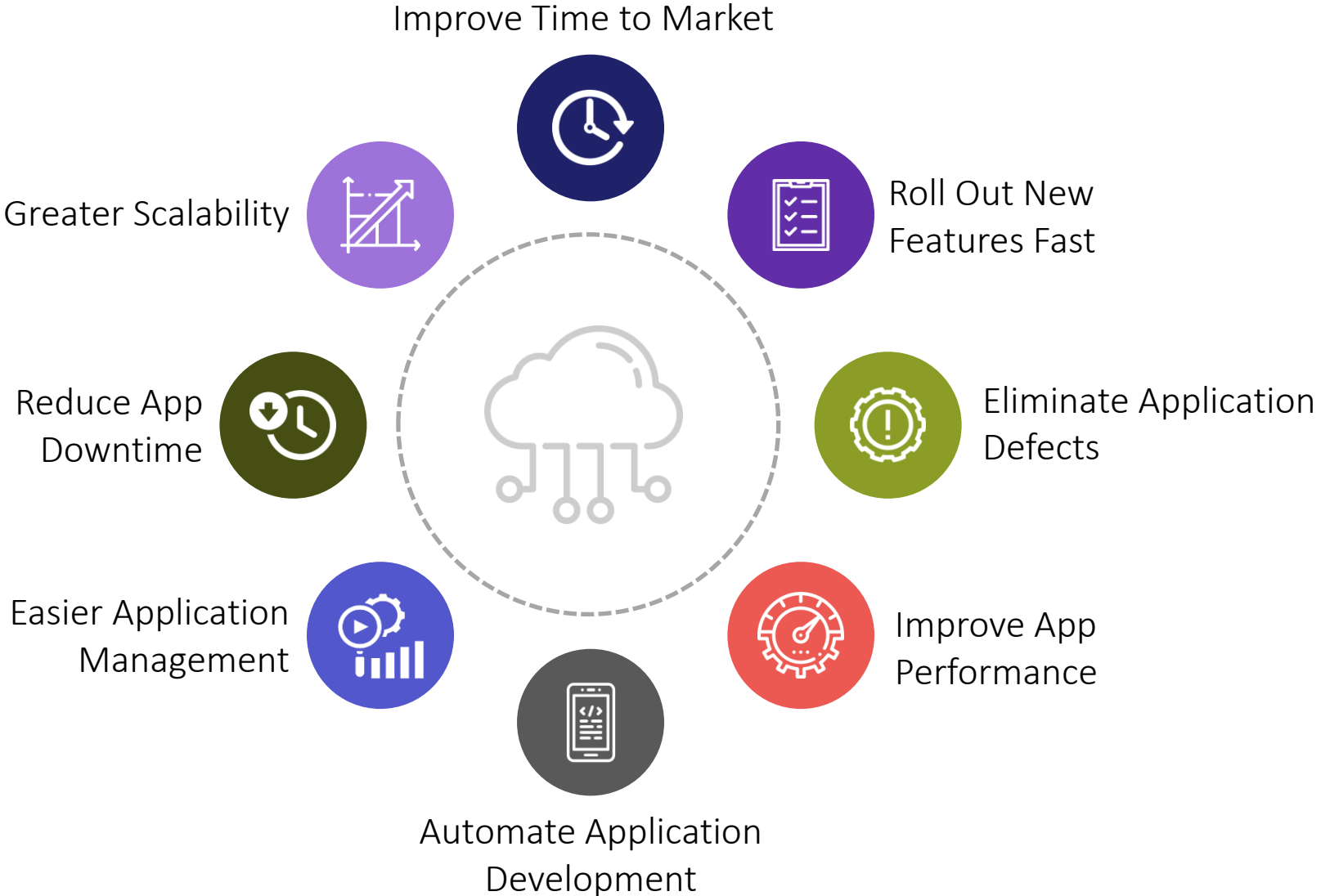
- Azure Cloud native experience
- Large Scale Implementation experience
- API Led Digital transformation and Digital Integration Experience

## Value Adds & Accelerators



- Implementation Accelerators reduce overall Implementation Effort
  - Microservices Assessment framework
  - Integrated Development & Deployment framework

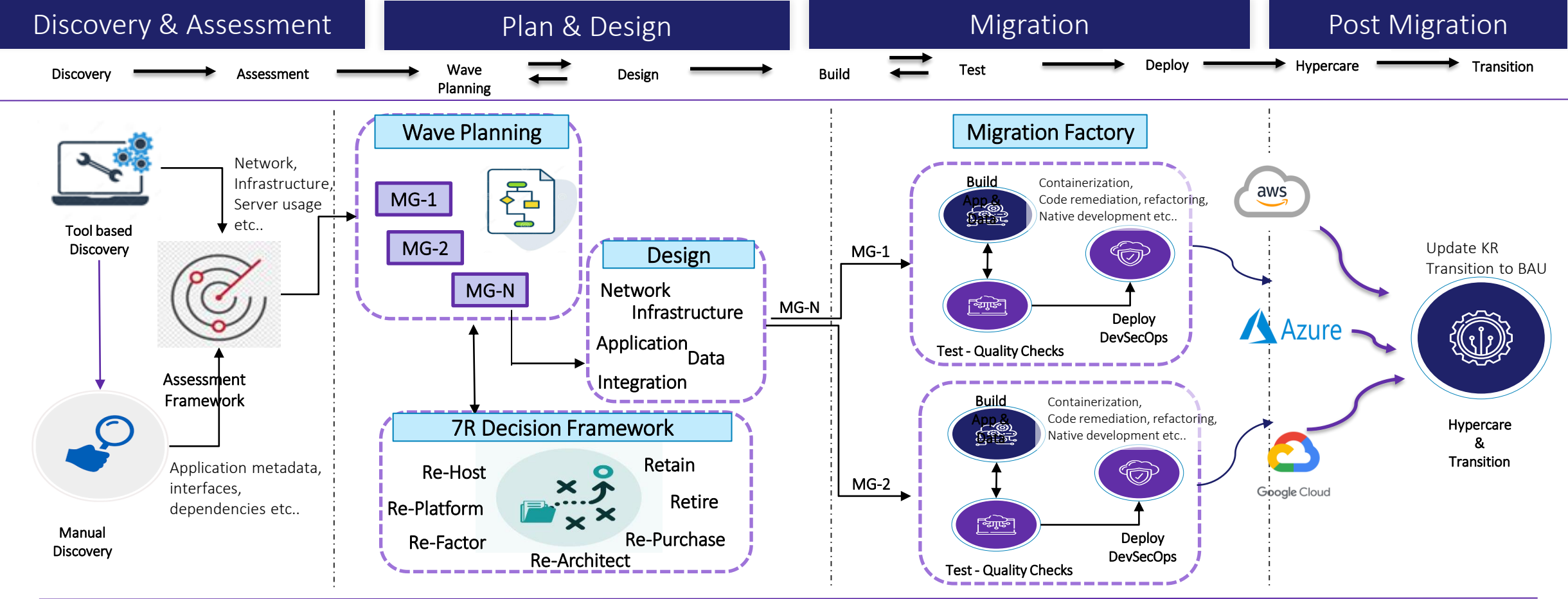
# Our Cloud Native Solution - Benefits





# ITC Infotech Migration Strategy

# Migration Methodology - Phased Approach



## Project Steering and Program Governance

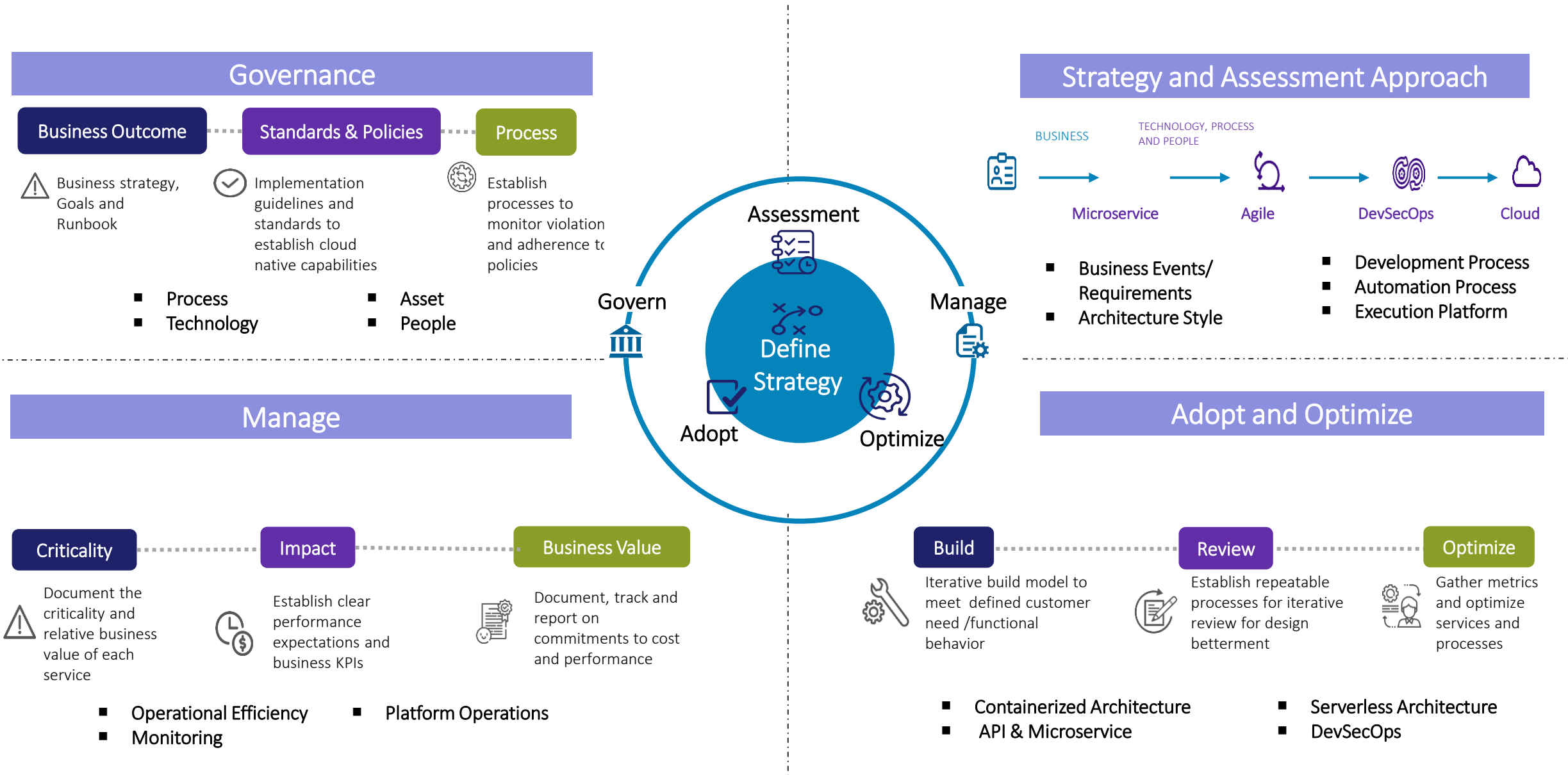




# Our Cloud Native Solution Framework



# Cloud Native Solution Framework





# Cloud Native - Modernization Themes

# Modernization Themes – Application Containerization

## Evaluate Enterprise Legacy (Monolith) Inventory Applications

### Gather Application Requirements

- Authentication
- Security
- Architecture
- Performance
- High Availability
- Monitoring
- Scalability
- Re-usability
- Downtime
- Database
- Filesystems

- Analyze and gather all the system requirements required for Containerization

### Container Infrastructure Planning

- Identify key Infrastructure components required for converting the monolith application into a containerized application

### Feedback & Optimizations

- Review user's feedback and overall application usability and performance and optimize as an when required.

## Application Containerization

- Identify applications
- Choose a base Image.
- Install the necessary packages.
- Add your custom files.
- Define which user will (or can) run your container.
- Define the exposed ports.
- Define the entry point.
- Define a Configuration method.
- Externalize your data.
- Set up container Security & Governance

### Containerization of Applications

- Set up Containerization for identified and defined applications in the portfolio

### Performance & Monitoring

- Identify key performance metrics

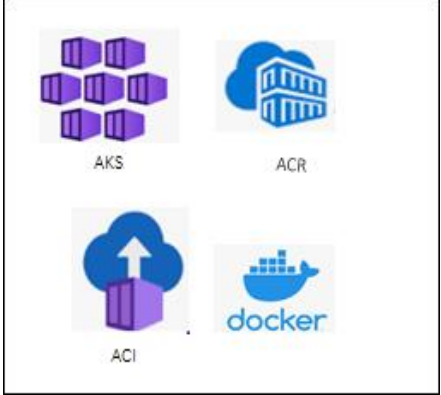
### CI-CD / DevOps Integration

- Set up CICD / DevOps Integration for the applications

### Test & Rollout to cloud

- Test and Rollout application in Phases

## Tools & Services

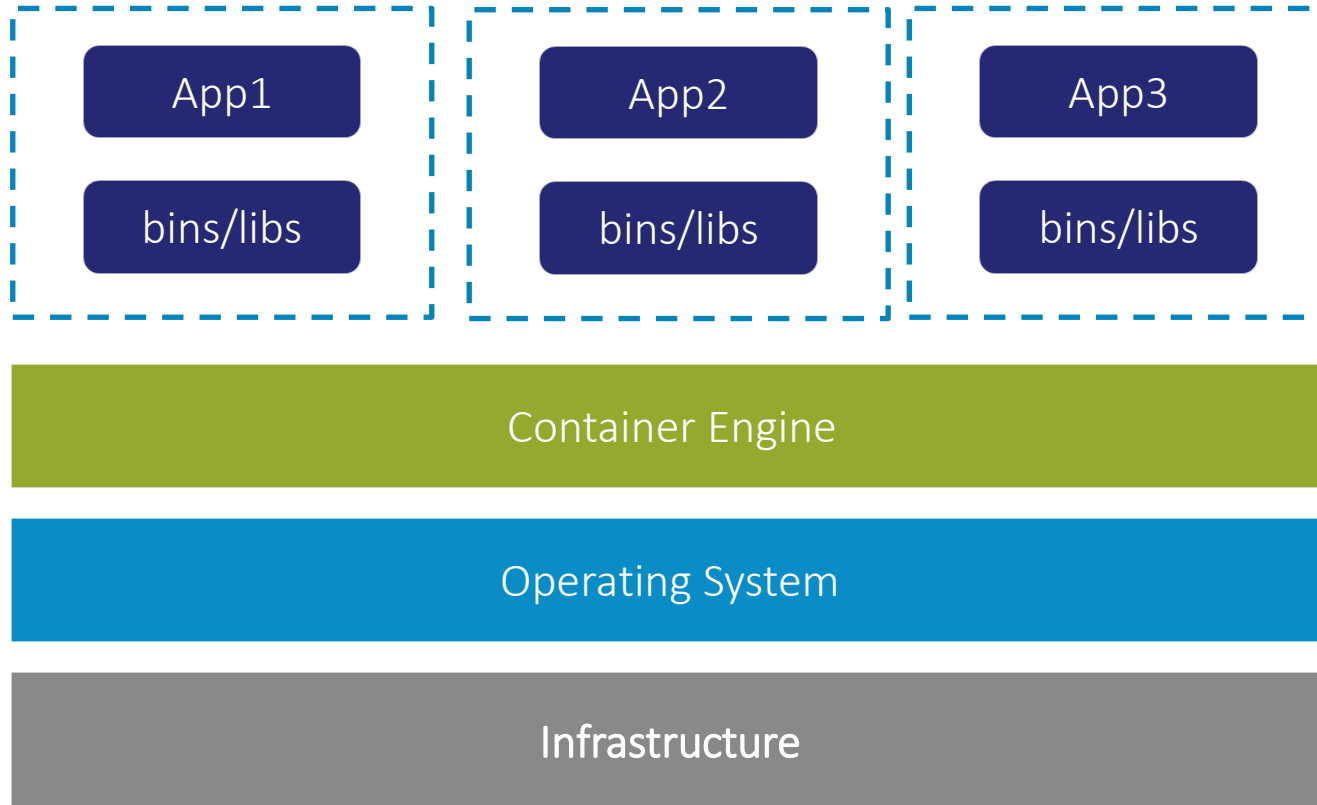


### Container Governance

### Container Security

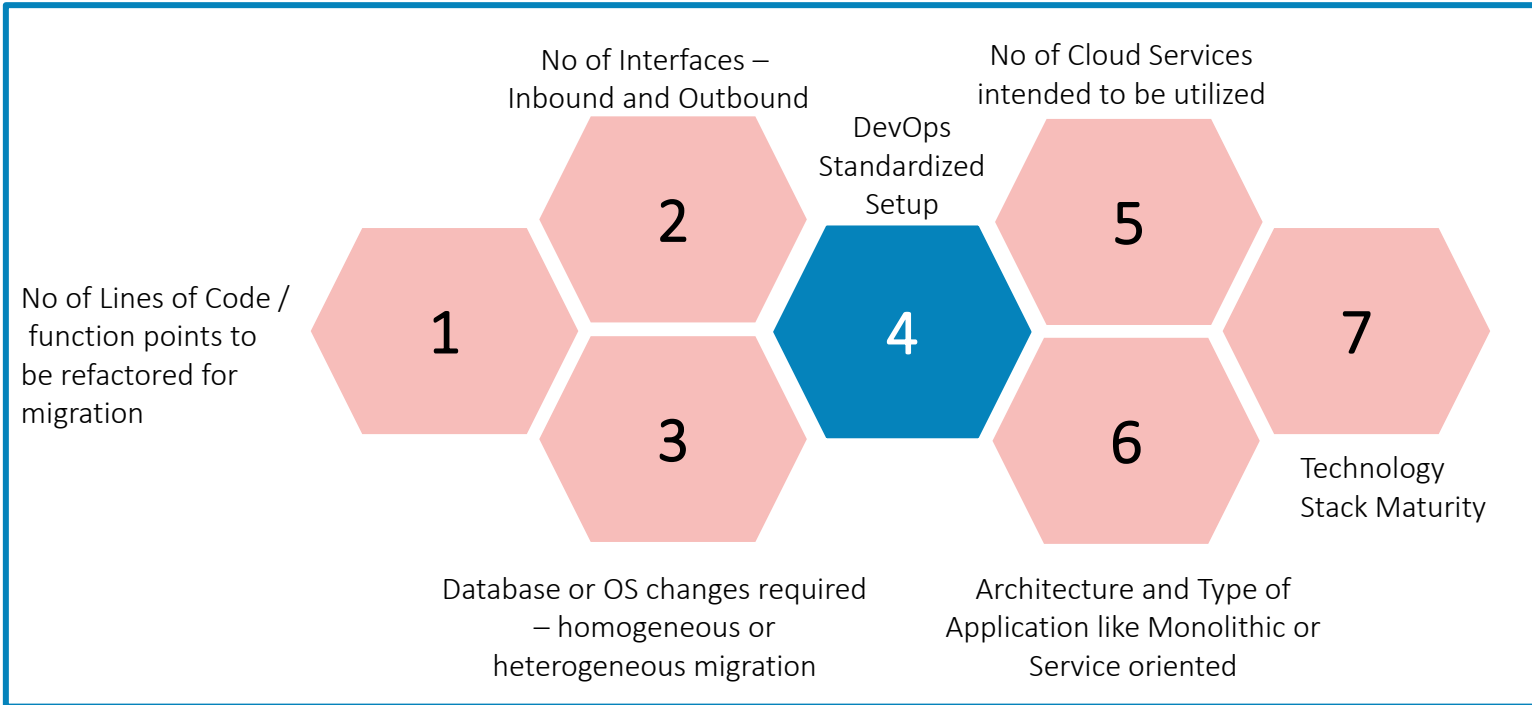
- Set up Container Security

# Modernization Themes – Application Containerization Contd.



- Package once , deploy everywhere with less risk.
- Portability
- Supports Infrastructure-as-a-Code principles
- DEV/PROD environment parity from desktop to production environments
- Better community support including Docker
- Supports scalable workload
- Provides application and process isolation
- Better Performance
- Ease of deployment
- More control on the technology stack
- Prefer more serverless architecture over infrastructure

# Modernization Themes – Application Refactoring



## Application Refactoring

- Identify key enterprise apps
- Define Application parameters like authentication , security , performance etc.
- Identify the lines of code and touch points for refactoring
- Define no of Interfaces – Inbound and Outbound
- Setup CI/CD process
- Define well defined Architecture
- Leverage serverless cloud platform
- Continuous Health Monitoring
- Automated Alerts and Notifications

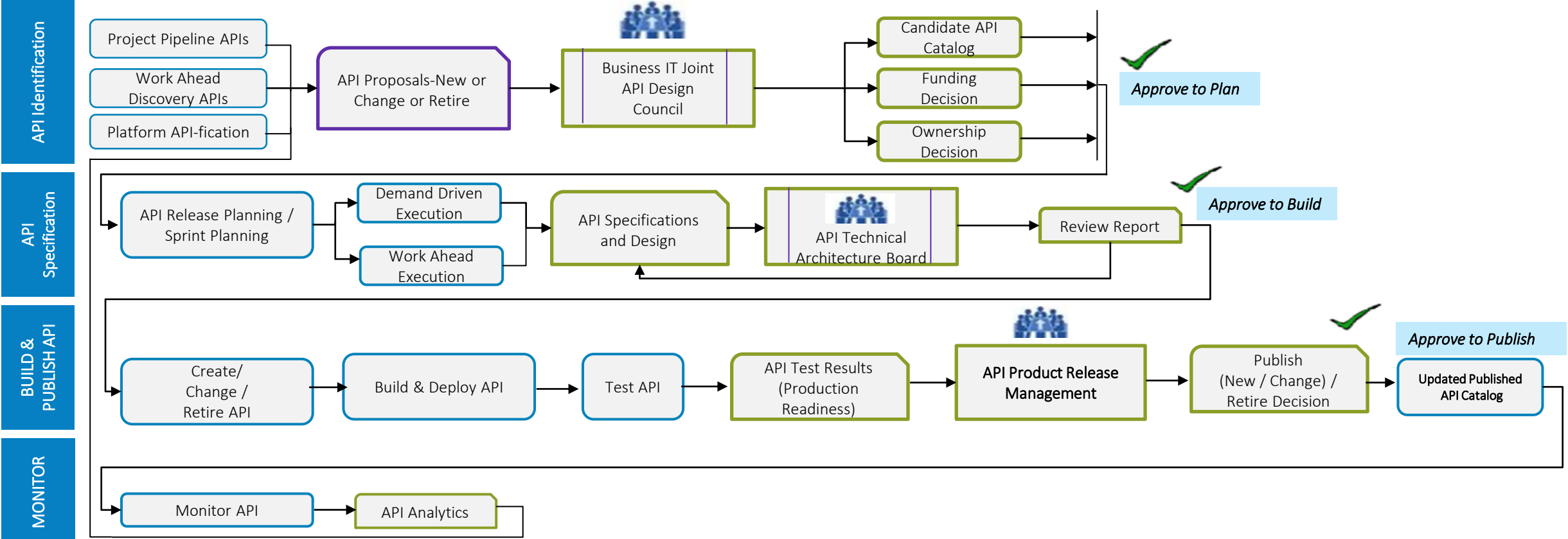
### Tools & Services



## Considerations

Application Architecture	Data Architecture	Deployment	Re-factoring	Cross-cutting Concerns
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ No Existing Webservices</li> <li>■ Existing Macro Services</li> <li>■ REST or JMS</li> <li>■ SOAP or EJB</li> <li>■ Servlet / JSP</li> <li>■ JSF / Spring Portlet</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Master Data Management</li> <li>■ Reference Data</li> <li>■ Flat Object Structure</li> <li>■ Independent Tables</li> <li>■ Blob Storage</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ EARs Packaging</li> <li>■ Containerization</li> <li>■ Container Orchestration</li> <li>■ Infra Pipeline – IaC</li> <li>■ Application Pipeline</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Macro Service to Micro Services</li> <li>■ Serverless</li> <li>■ App Component Dependencies</li> <li>■ Flatten &amp; Refactor Components</li> <li>■ Component Grouping</li> <li>■ API Proxy &amp; Facade</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ AuthN &amp; AuthZ</li> <li>■ Service Mesh</li> <li>■ Shared services/domain model</li> <li>■ Log Aggregation &amp; Tracing</li> <li>■ Service Monitoring</li> <li>■ NFRs</li> </ul>

# Modernization Themes - API First Strategy



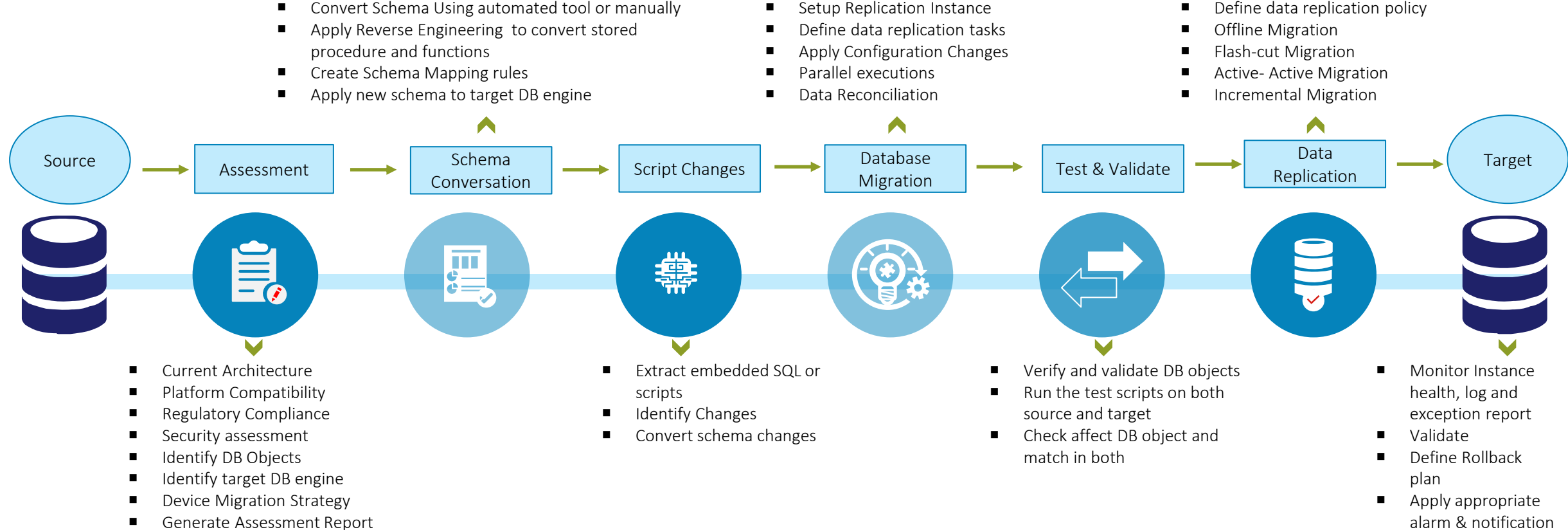
## Considerations

- Unlocking legacy assets
- API-centric app integration
- Multi-channel user experiences
- B2B integration
- API Developer Portal
- API Discovery
- API Consumption
- Scaling
- API Gateway
- Subscription & Token Auth
- Caching
- CI/CD - DevOps
- Integrations
- Security
- Monitoring
- Analytics

## Tools & Services

- API Management
- Azure Functions
- API Gateway


# Modernization Themes – DB Modernization





## Examples

<b>Homogenous</b> Oracle 8x/9x/11x → Oracle 19c MySQL 5.x → MySQL 8	<b>Heterogenous</b> Oracle 12 → MSSQL MySQL → Postgres	<b>Cloud PaaS</b> Oracle → Azure SQL MS SQL → Azure SQL
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## Tools & Services

  
 Azure DMS

  
 ADF

  
 Azure SQL

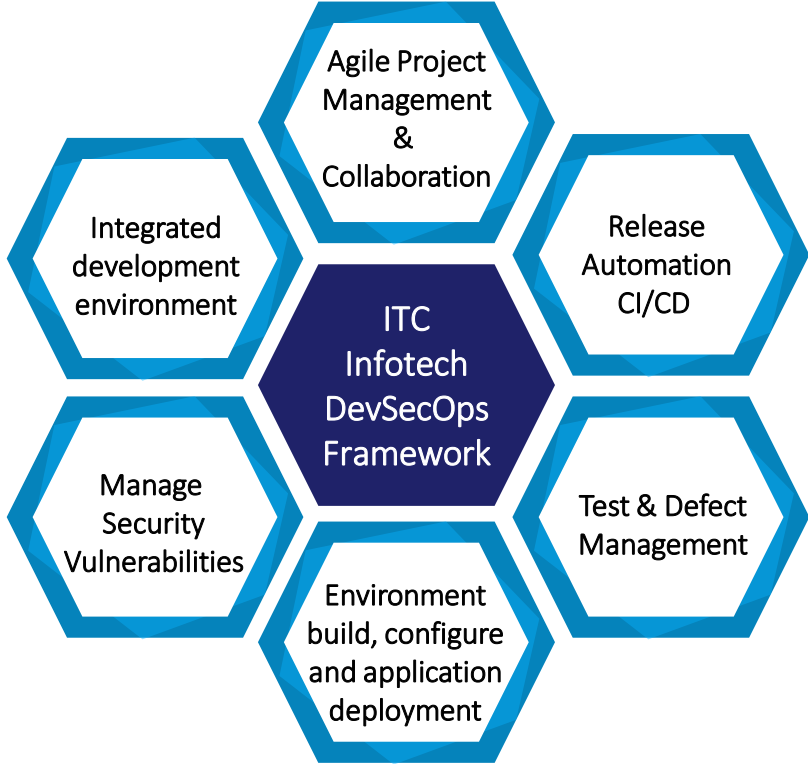
# Modernization Themes – DevSecOps

## Guiding Principles

- No code DevSecOps - GUI based, automation
- Cloud First - scalable across hybrid Cloud ecosystem
- Secure by Design – RBAC and Policy control
- DevSecOps compliant templates
- Value Stream – AI/ML based analytics

## Potential Benefits

- Cloud agnostic DevSecOps platform - GitLab based reusable, scalable Core
- Automating the deployment workflow and change approval process
- Infra-as-code pipeline architecture for reusable library development
- Implementing AI/ML Ops based on need and requirements



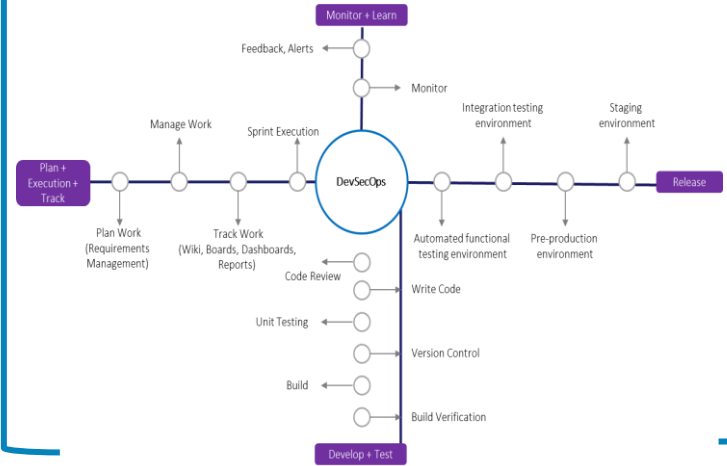
Potential tools that can be leveraged as appropriate



## Key Considerations

- Customized process as per application type (Custom/COTS)
- Automated provision of infra resource (Iac)
- Use pre-built templated architecture blueprint library
- Constantly vulnerability scan
- Real time monitoring to track system performance
- Scalable across the application landscape
- Promote reuse
- Rationalization of toolsets
- Future ready for any cloud changes

## Course of Actions

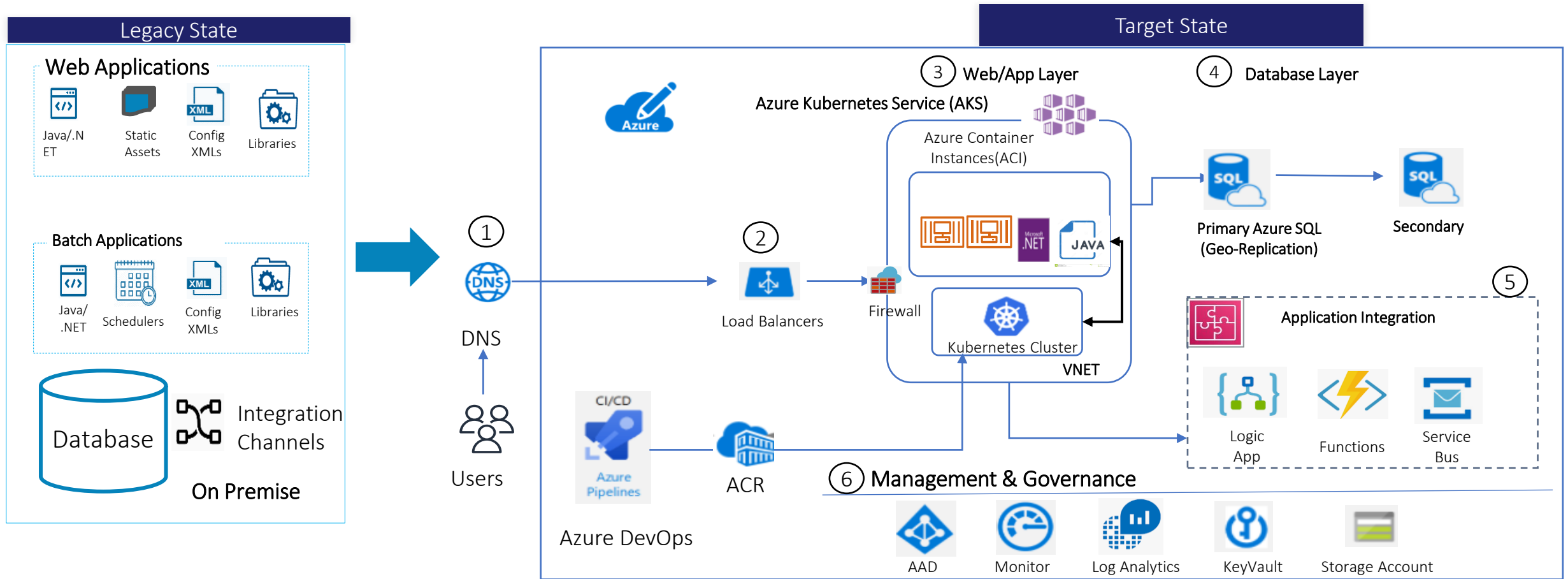






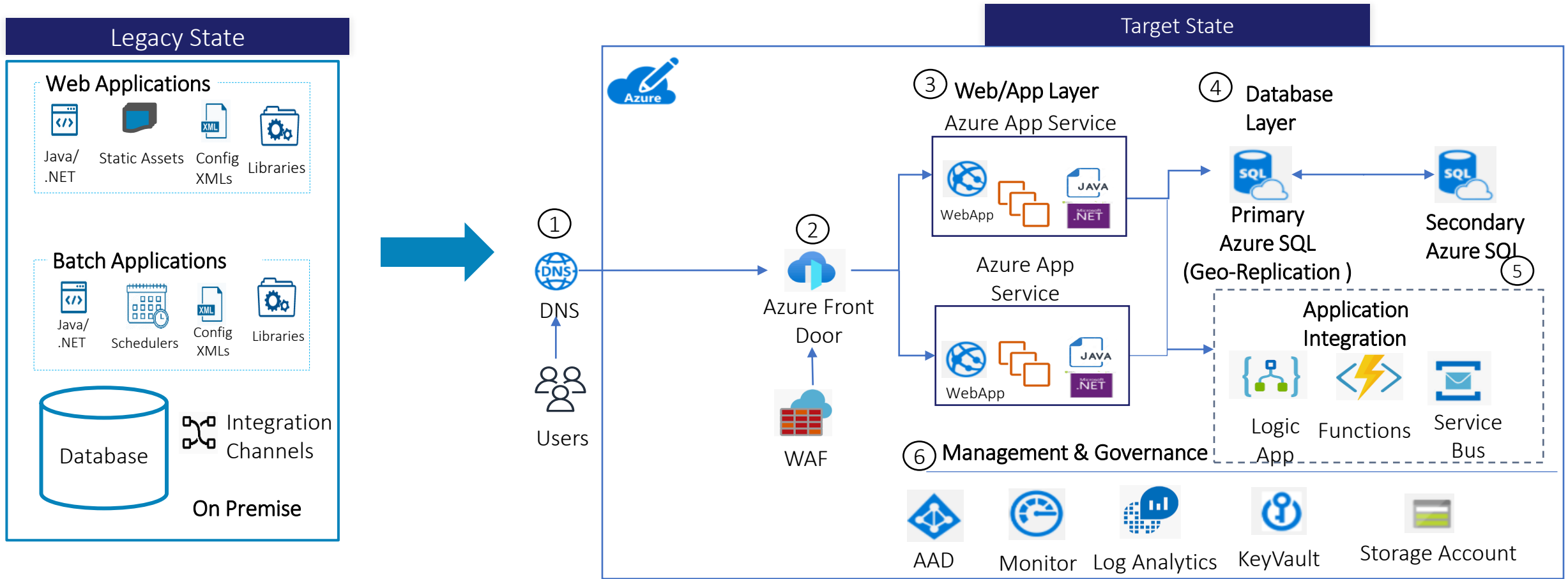
# Solution Patterns

# Solution Pattern - Monolith Java/.NET App to Containerization App



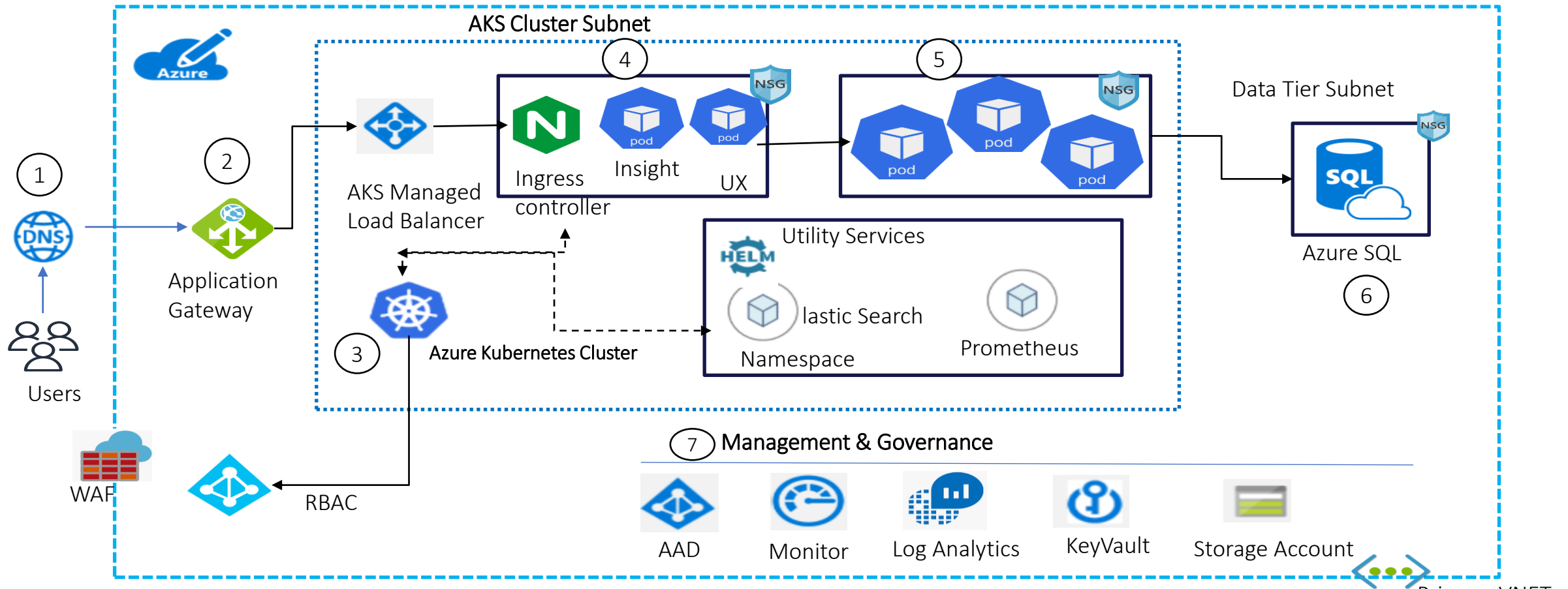
- 1 Azure DNS will be routing internet traffic to application domain name.
- 2 Azure Firewall inspects requests coming to CloudFront and perform allow or block as per defined rules. Allowed request passes to Azure Load balancer.
- 3 The containerized web/app layer will be deployed using AKS service via the ACR
- 4 Azure SQL is used for application database with Replication option
- 5 Application Integration can be achieved with multiple Azure offerings. Some of the examples are Logic App , Functions, Event Hub and Service Bus
- 6 Application resource access managed by IAM roles and policies. Monitor and Log Analytics OMS is used to do logging. Key Vault is used to store Keys and Secrets of Applications. Storage Account is used to store application data to maintain sources of truth and applying life cycle rules.

# Solution Pattern - Monolith Java/.NET App to Azure PaaS



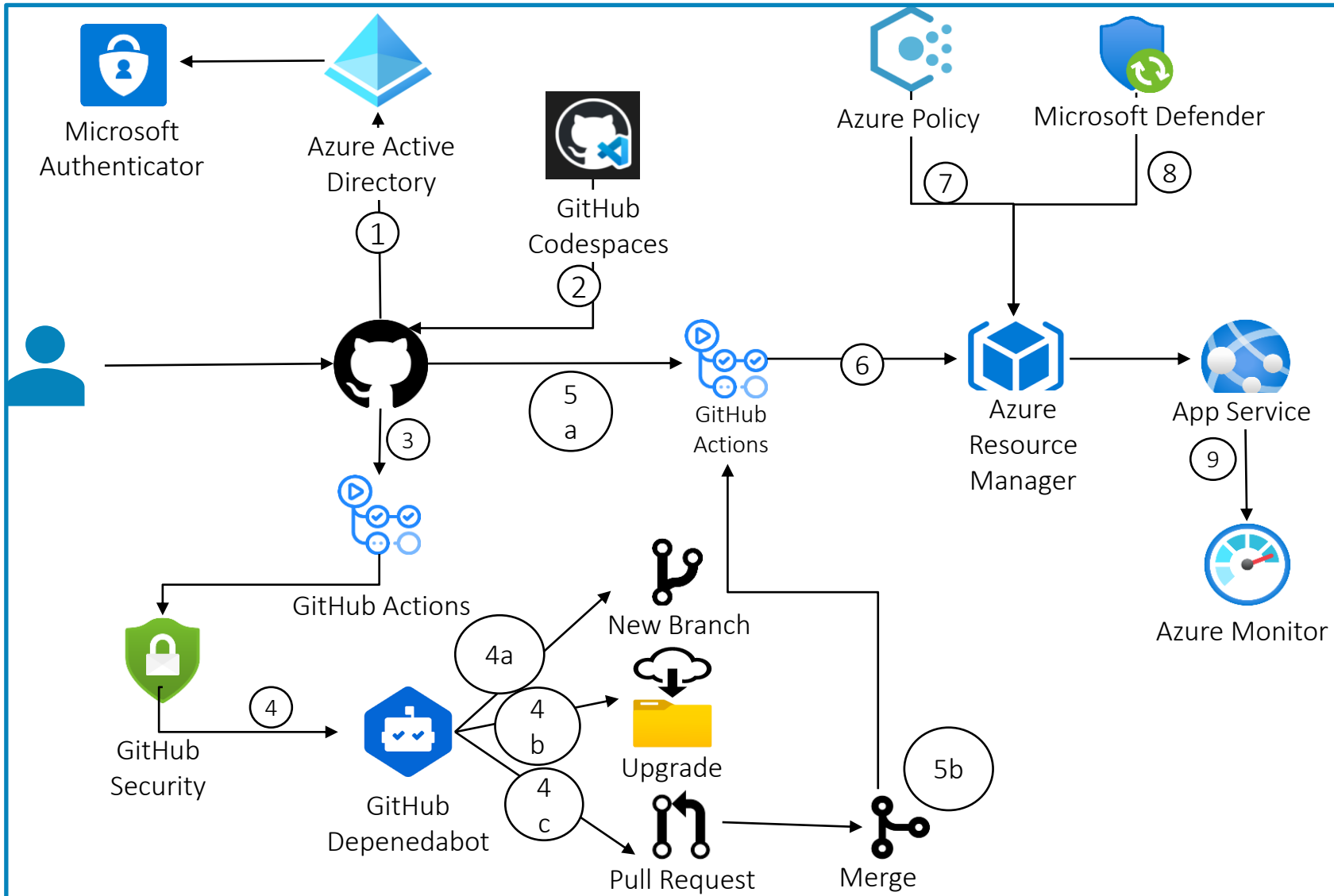
- 1 Azure DNS will be routing internet traffic to application domain name
- 2 Azure Load Balancer is used in AKS and After creating an AKS cluster, the cluster is ready to use the load balancer
- 3 The containerized web/app layer will be deployed using AKS with ACI
- 4 Azure SQL is used for application database with geo-replication
- 5 Azure Container Registry. Use Container Registry to store private Docker images, which are deployed to the cluster. AKS can authenticate with Container Registry using its Azure AD identity. Note that AKS does not require Azure Container Registry. You can use other container registries, such as Docker Hub.
- 6 Application resource access managed by AAD IAM roles and policies. Azure Monitor and Log Analytics is used to do logging. Key Vault is used to store Keys and Secrets of Applications. Storage Account is used to store application data to maintain sources of truth and applying life cycle rules.

# Solution Pattern - Microservices Architecture on Azure Kubernetes Service



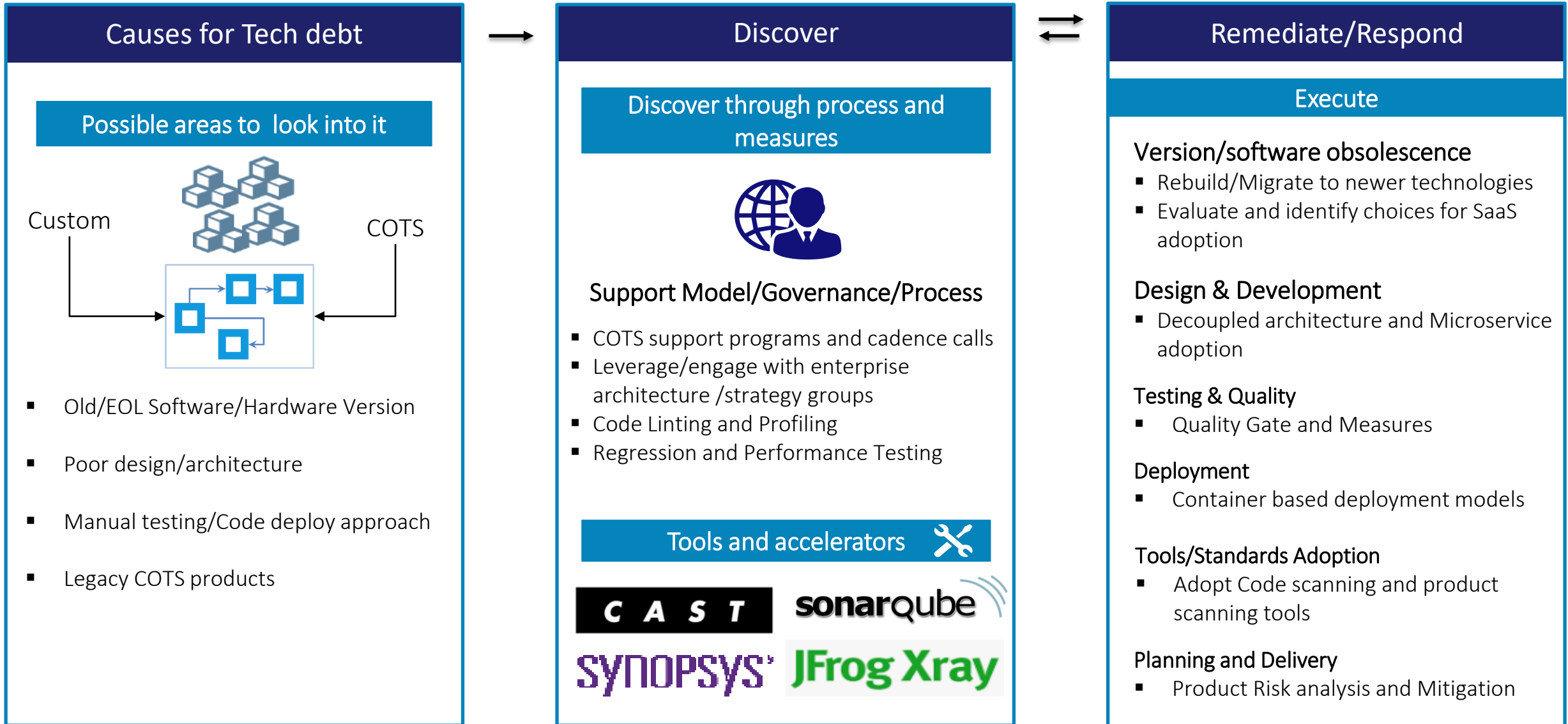
- 1 Azure DNS will be routing internet traffic to application domain name.
- 2 API Gateway will centrally manage all request and route to specific resources and block unwanted requests
- 3 AKS will take the input request and pass on to AKS LB via the Ingress controller
- 4 AKS will launch the app front end via Ingress Routing Controller
- 5 Services will run from various AKS PODS
- 6 Azure SQL Will be used to storage data in the central DB from the AKS nodes apps
- 7 Application resource access managed by AAD IAM roles and policies. Azure Monitor and Log Analytics is used to do logging. Key Vault is used to store Keys and Secrets of Applications. Storage Account is used to store application data to maintain sources of truth and applying life cycle rules

# Solution Pattern - DevSecOps with GitHub



1. GitHub do developer SAML authentication using MS authenticator
2. Developers use pre-built dev env with security extensions
3. On new code commit - GitHub Actions automatically scan the code to quickly find vulnerabilities and coding errors
4. GitHub Dependabot, a DevOps bot agent, automatically detects vulnerability in dependencies
  - 4a. New Branch
  - 4b. Upgrade
  - 4c. Pull Request
5. Trigger code builds and automated testing through GitHub Actions
  - 5a. GitHub Actions
  - 5b. Merge
6. Deploy build artifacts to Azure App Service while making changes to other cloud resources, such as service endpoints
7. Azure Policy evaluates Azure resources that are in deployment
8. Microsoft Defender for Cloud identifies attacks targeting applications that are running in deployed projects
9. Azure Monitor continuously tracks and evaluates app behavior. When threats materialize, this service sends alerts to start the process of rolling code back to previous commits

# Cross cutting Solution Pattern – Handling Technical Debt



# Cross cutting Solution Pattern – Version Upgrade

## Key Considerations

- Downtime and Application Availability
- Reduced Deployment risks
- Slow Rollback (vs) Instant Rollback
- Sticky sessions
- Cost & Operational Overhead
- Observability
- Ability to test live production traffic
- Testing new backend features by using the production load

## Best Practices

- Version Lifecycle management
- Backward compatibility checks & scripts - for UI, App layer, DB schema changes
- Continuous integration/continuous deployment/Continuous testing (CI/CD/CT)
- Automated pipelines- Managing Environment
- Operating & Configuration Management
- Rollback strategy
- Release Automation Tools
- Post Deployment Monitoring
- Infrastructure as Code (IaC)
- Monitoring tools

## Patterns

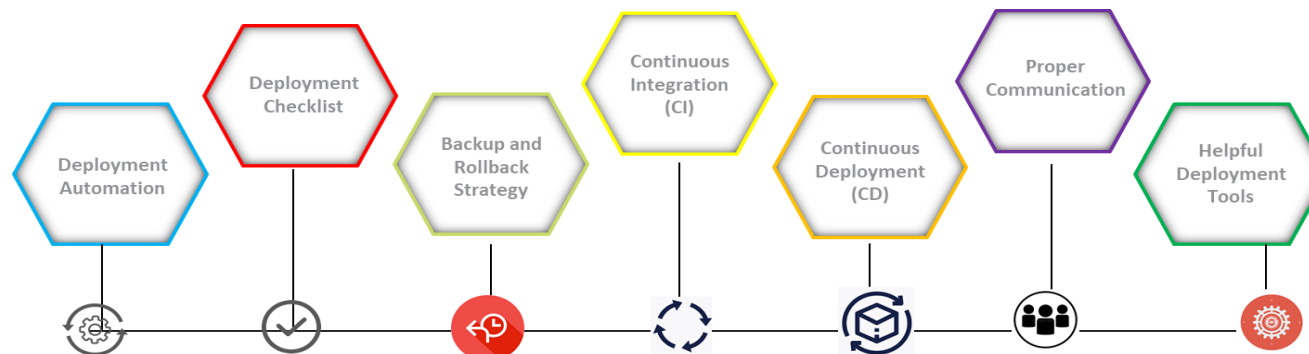
### Deployment Pattern

- Recreate
- Rolling Update
- Blue/green
- Canary

### Testing Pattern

- A/B
- Shadow

## Software Deployment Best practices





# TOOLS AND ACCELERATORS



# Cloud Native Modernization - Tools & Accelerators

## ITC Infotech Tools

## Monolith 2 Microservices Assessment tool

## Intelligent Monitoring Platform



## CSP PaaS offerings

Azure
 Azure AD
 App Service
 Function
 Service Mesh
 Blob Storage
 Service Bus
 API management
 AKS
 ACR
 DevOps
 DMS
 ADF
 Azure SQL
 Storage Account
 KeyVault
 Monitor
 Log Analytics

## 3rd Party Tools

**Version Control**  
 git
 GitLab
 GitHub

**Secure Code Review**  
 sonarqube
 FORTIFY
 CAST
 PMD
 AppScan

**API Management**  
 API Management
 Kong
 IBM API Connect

**DevSecOps**  
 JIRA
 Jenkins
 Bamboo
 Jfrog Artifactory
 docker
 CHECKMARX
 Packer

**IaC and Configuration Management**  
 Terraform
 ANSIBLE
 puppet labs

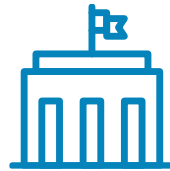
**Web Application Pen Testing**  
 acunetix
 HCL AppScan

**Infra VAPT and Vulnerability Management**  
 Nessus vulnerability scanner
 Qualys
 NMAP
 M

**Other Tools**  
 splunk
 Nagios
 dynatrace
 APPDYNAMICS
 elasticsearch
 logstash
 kibana

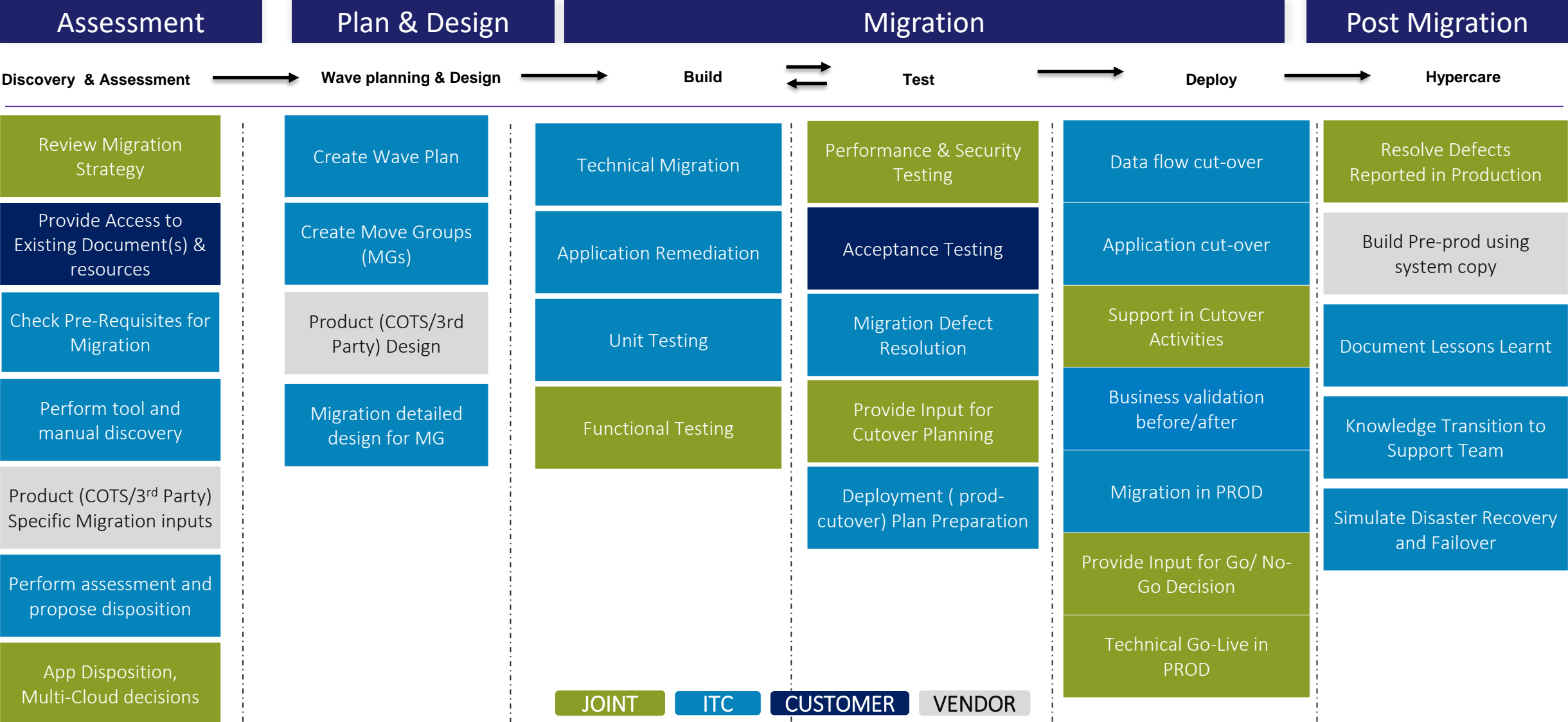
## Standards

OWASP Open Web Application Security Project
 HIPAA
 PCI
 SANS
 CIS
 NIST



# GOVERNANCE

# Migration Governance – Collaboration Model





# THANK YOU



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